MATH 152

EXAM II

100 points 8.4-12.4

NAME ____

Mrs. Bonny Tighe There are 11 problems worth 10 points each

Section _____ Wed. 4/5/2006

a) $\int \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{x} dx$ 1. a) Evaluate the integrals:

$$b) \int \frac{e^x}{e^{2x} - e^x - 2} \, dx$$

$$\int e^x \sin 2x \, dx$$

3. Determine whether each improper integral is divergent or convergent and evaluate those that are convergent using improper integrals.

a)
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{3} e^{-3x} dx$$

b)
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{(x+1)^3} dx$$

4. Find the arc length of the curve $y = \ln(\cos x)$ on the interval $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$.

5. Find its sum of the following convergent series.

a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 3n + 2}$$

$$b) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^{n+1}}{7^n}$$

6. SET UP BUT DO NOT EVALUATE the area of the surface generated by revolving the given curve about the x-axis and sketch the figure. $x = \sqrt{y}$, $0 \le x \le 2$

7. State and use the Integral Test to determine whether the series is convergent or divergent.

a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2 + 4}$$

b)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$$

8. State and use the Limit Comparison Test to determine whether the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{2n^2 + 3n + 5}$$
 converges or diverges.

9. State and use The Comparison Test to determine if the following series are convergent or divergent.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^n + 2}$$

10. Evaluate:
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{8}} \tan^{3} 2x \sec^{3} 2x \, dx$$

11. Determine whether the sequence is convergent or divergent, monotonic or bounded. If it converges, find the limit.

a)
$$a_n = \frac{\sqrt{n}}{2 + \sqrt{n}}$$

b)
$$a_n = \ln(n+2) - \ln(n+1)$$