

# *Facilitate Parallel Computation Using Kepler Workflow System on Virtual Resources*

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4/19/2011

Kepler project: <http://kepler-project.org/>

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# Outline

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- **Kepler Scientific Workflow System**
- **Data-Parallel Scientific Workflow Scheduling via Kepler on Virtual Compute Cluster Resources**



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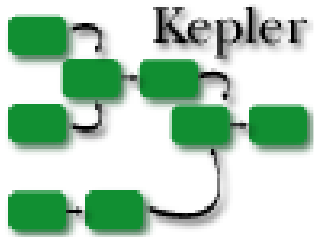
# Mission of Scientific Workflow Systems

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- Promote “**scientific discovery**” by providing tools and methods to generate larger, **automated “scientific process”**
- Support **workflow design, execution, sharing, reuse and provenance**
- Design **efficient ways to connect to the existing data and integrate heterogeneous data from multiple resources**
- ...



# Kepler Scientific Workflow System



<http://www.kepler-project.org>

- Kepler is a cross-project collaboration: over 20 diverse projects and multiple disciplines.
- **Open-source** project; latest release available from the website
- Builds upon the open-source Ptolemy II framework
- Vergil is the GUI, but Kepler also runs in non-GUI and batch modes.

... initiated August 2003

- 1.0 release: May 13<sup>th</sup>, 2008
- 2.0 release: June 24<sup>th</sup>, 2010
- 2.1 release: Sep 30<sup>th</sup>, 2010
  - *More than 40 thousand downloads!*

**Ptolemy II:** A laboratory for investigating design

**KEPLER:** A problem-solving support environment for Scientific Workflow development, execution, maintenance

**KEPLER = “Ptolemy II + X” for Scientific Workflows**

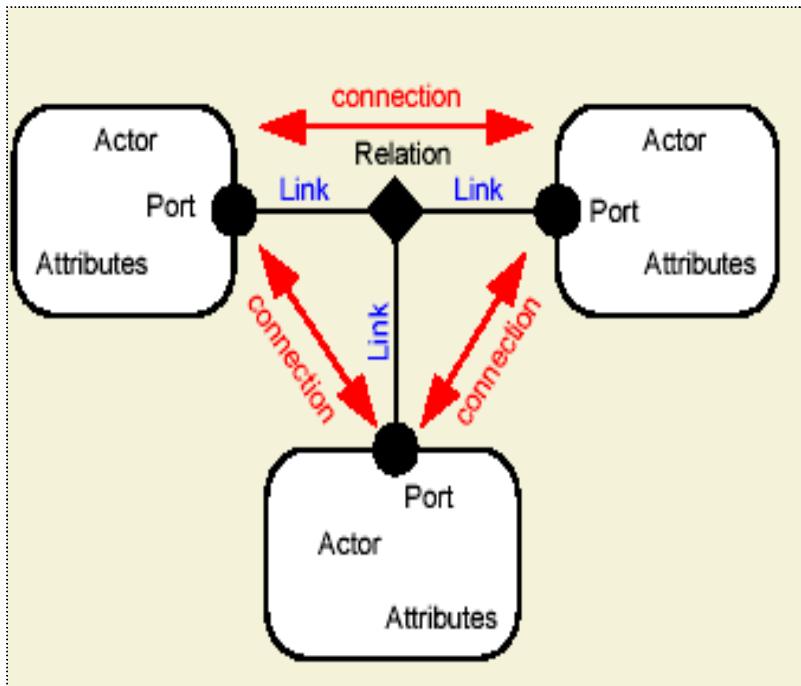


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# Actors are the Processing Components



## Actor-Oriented Design

Adapted from one ppt slides by  
Edward A. Lee, UC Berkeley

- **Actor**

- Encapsulation of parameterized actions
- Interface defined by ports and parameters

- **Port**

- Communication between input and output data
- Without call-return semantics

- **Relation**

- Links from output Ports to input Ports
- Could be 1:1, m:n.

- **Actor Examples**

- Web service Actor
- Matlab Actor
- File Read Actor
- Local Execution Actor
- Job Submission Actor
- ...



# Directors are the Workflow Engines that...

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- Implement different computational models
- Define the semantics of
  - execution of actors and workflows
  - interactions between actors

Ptolemy and Kepler are **unique** in combining multiple and different execution models in one workflow.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Synchronous Dataflow</li><li>• Dynamic Dataflow</li><li>• Time Triggered</li><li>• Synchronous/reactive model</li><li>• Discrete Event</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Process Networks</li><li>• Rendezvous</li><li>• Publish and Subscribe</li><li>• Continuous Time</li><li>• Finite State Machines</li></ul>
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# Kepler Modeling with Graphic User Interface

**Actor Search**

**Data Search**

A simple example of using EML data. First, a search is done in the Data pane to locate an EML-described data set, which is dragged onto the workflow canvas. The EML data source is added to the workflow, and then it contacts the EcoGrid server to download the data and configure the ports. After being configured, it displays the ports from the EML data source, which are then mapped into an XY scatterplot.

- Actor ontology and semantic search for actors
- Search -> Drag and drop -> Link via ports
- Metadata-based search for datasets



# Distributed Execution Requirements and Supportings in Kepler

Requirements	Supportings in Kepler
Ad-hoc network resources	DistributedCompositeActor
Web service resources	Web Service Actors
Cluster resources	Cluster Job Actors
Grid resources	Globus Actors
MapReduce programming model	MapReduce Actor
Cloud resources	Amazon EC2 Actors
...	...





# Three Distributed Execution Levels in Kepler

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- **Workflow level:** the whole workflow can be executed in distributed environments
  - Example: Web service for Kepler workflow execution
- **Actor level:** distributed computing and data resources can be utilized in actors
  - Example: Cluster Job and Globus actors
- **Sub-workflow level:** sub-workflows can be executed in distributed environments
  - Example: Master-Slave and MapReduce Distributed Execution



# Part II

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- Kepler Scientific Workflow System
- **Data-Parallel Scientific Workflow Scheduling via Kepler on Virtual Compute Cluster Resources**



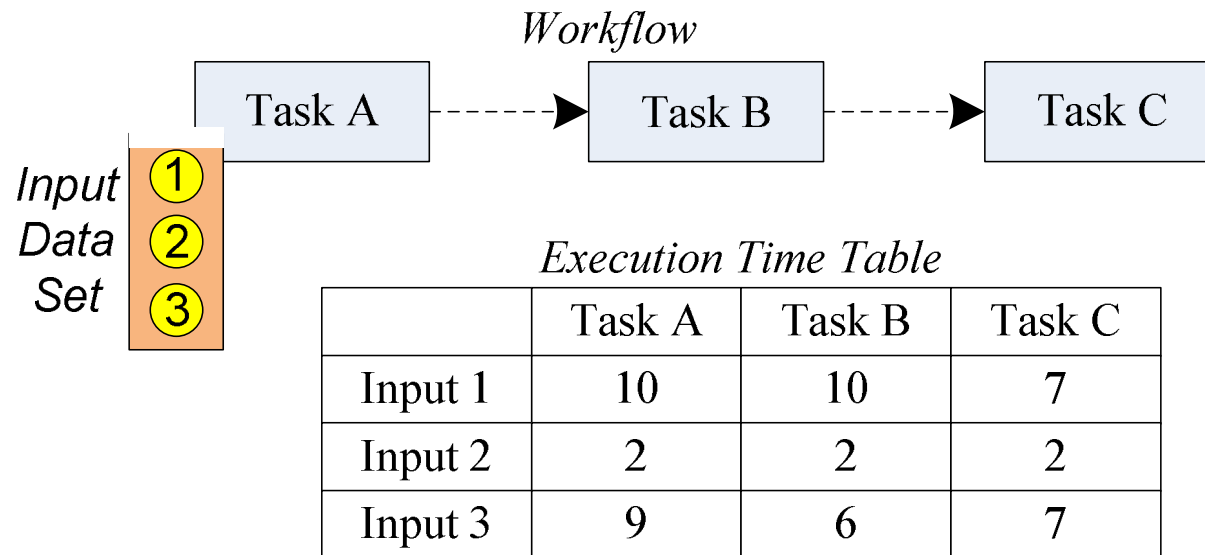
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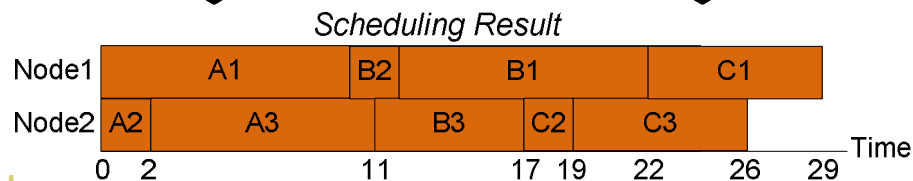
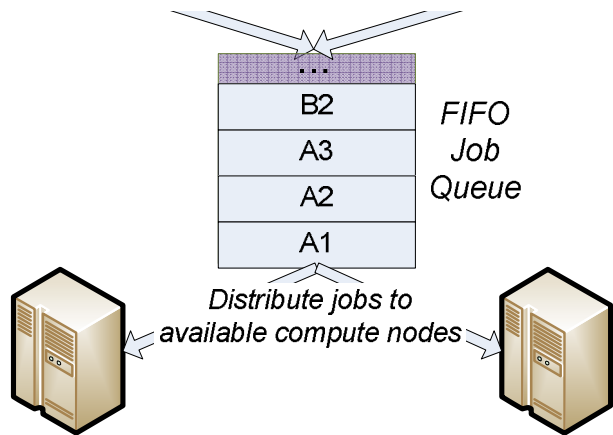
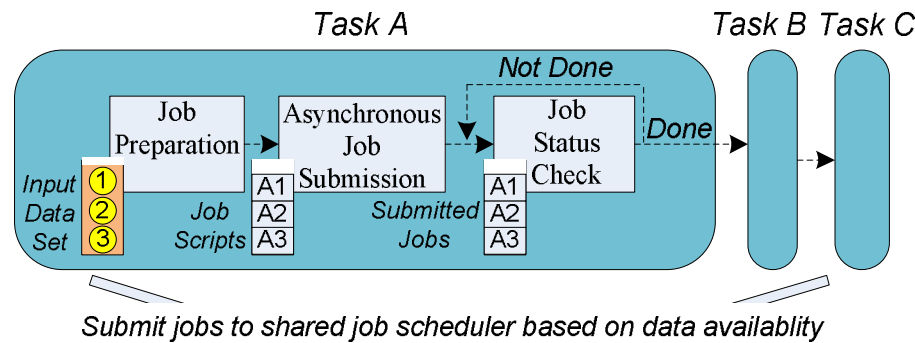
# Data-Parallel Workflow Scheduling Challenge



- Data parallel workflow: **parallel execution** of workflow on **multiple parts** of input data if these inputs can be processed **independently**.
- Scheduling challenge on a **compute cluster**: workflow **execution times** with different input parts **vary** and are **not predictable**.



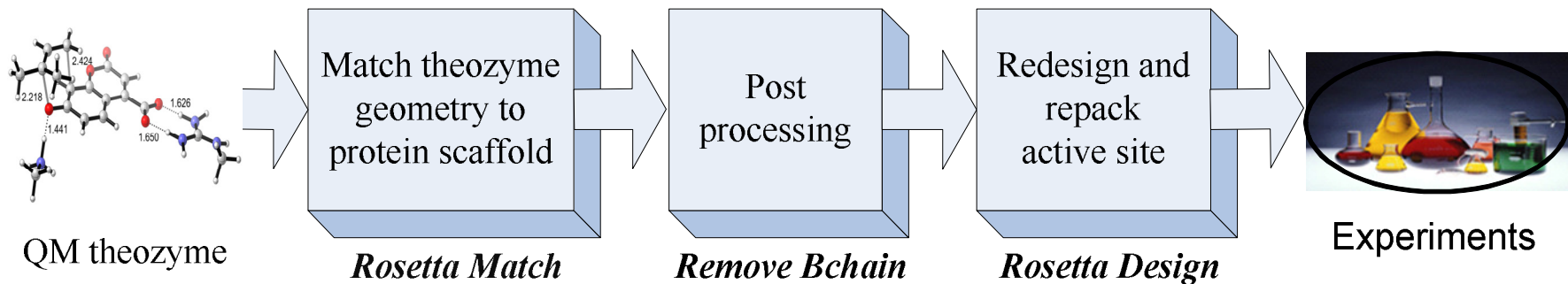
# Data-Parallel Workflow Scheduling Approach in Kepler



- Data-driven workflow execution (A3 is after A2, B2 is the first in B)
- Pipeline parallelism (B2 and A3)
- Asynchronous job submission
- Shared job scheduler
- Job partition (smaller jobs brings better resource balance)



# Application: Enzyme Design Process



- Data-parallel workflow: 226 inputs totally
- CPU intensive computation
- Computation time for each input varies: seconds to hours

Joint work with Houk's group at UCLA



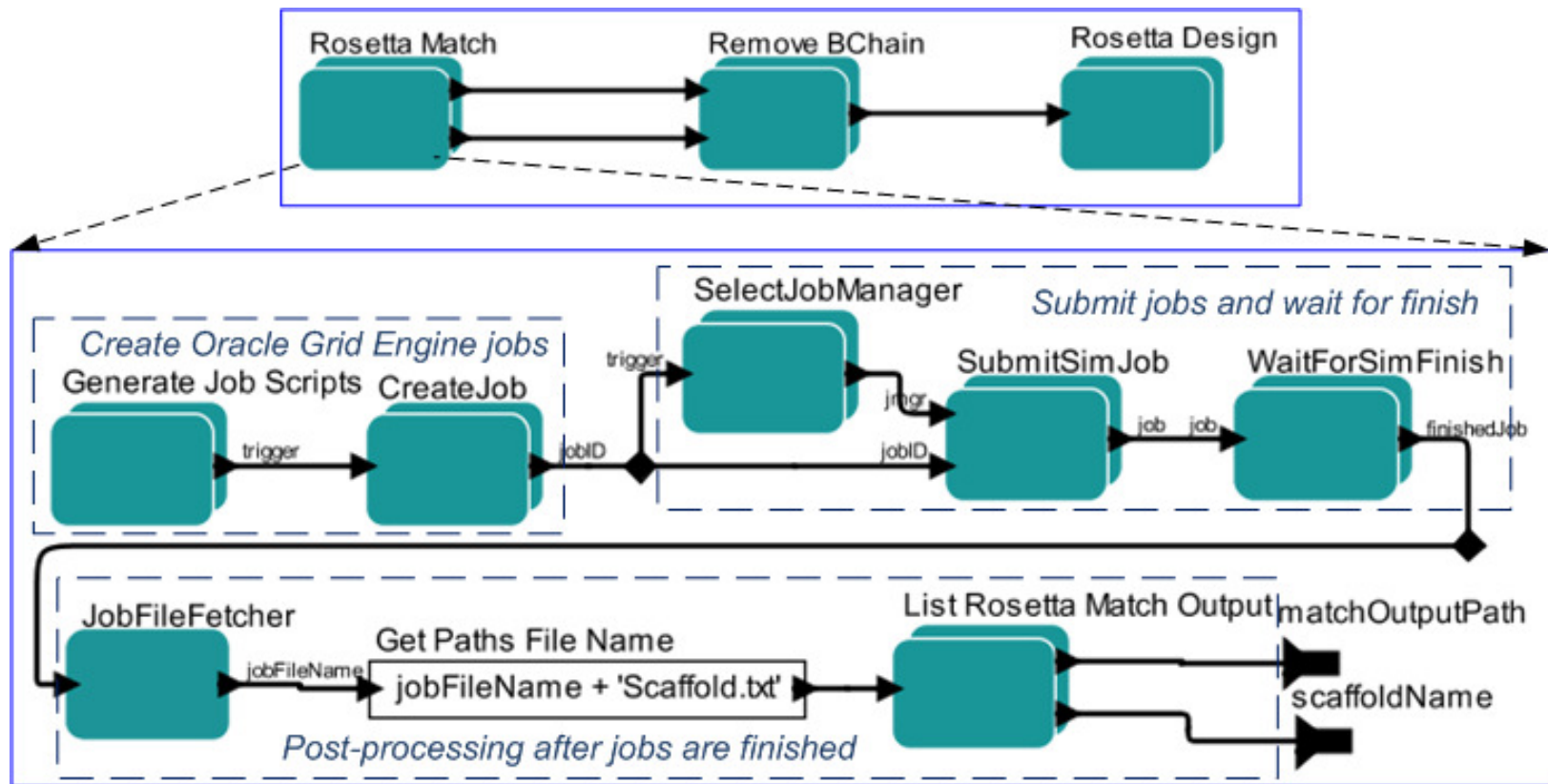
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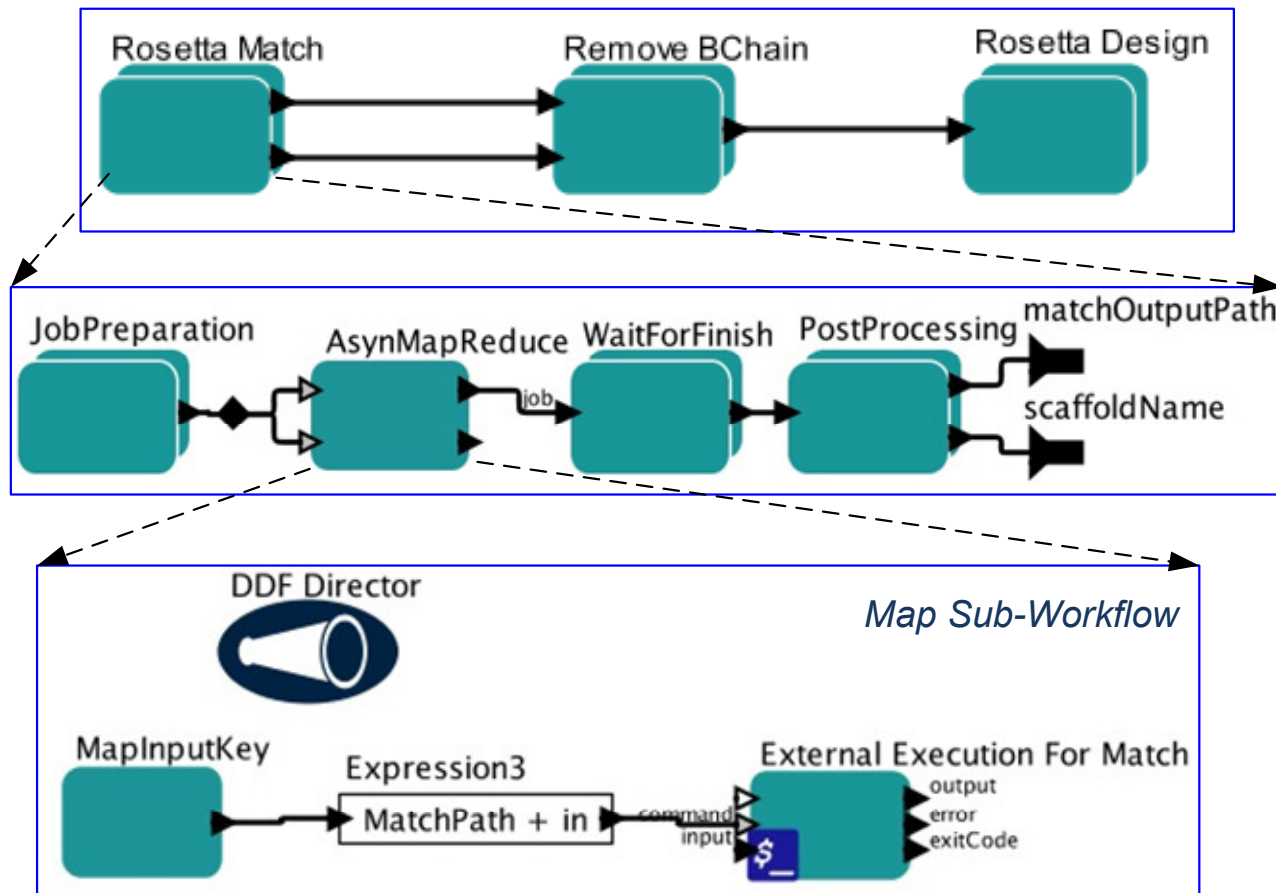
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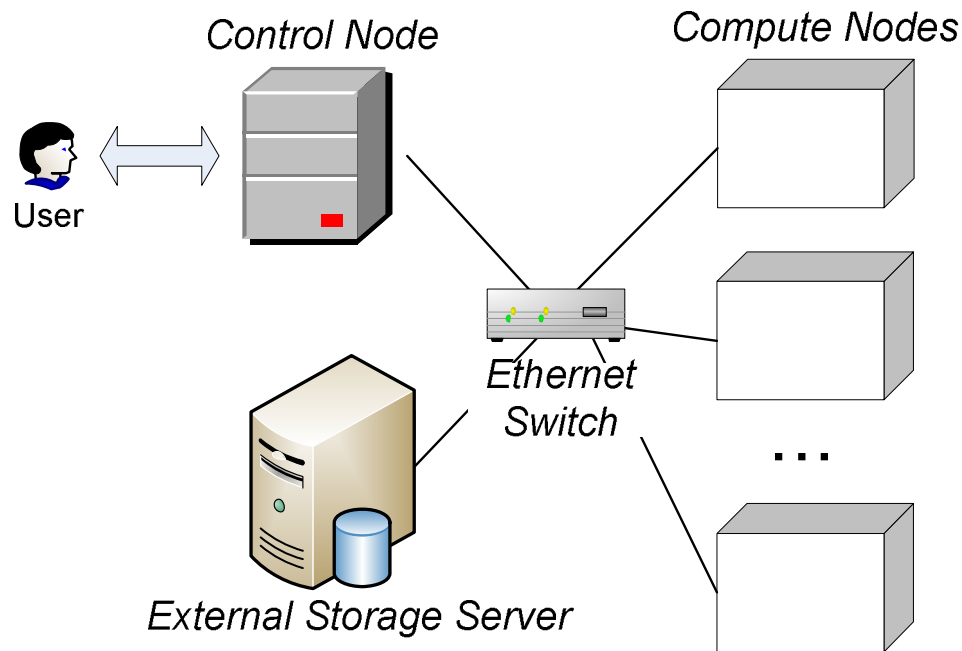
# Kepler Workflow Using Oracle Grid Engine Scheduler



# Kepler Workflow Using Hadoop Scheduler



# Physical/Virtual Compute Cluster Experimental Environments

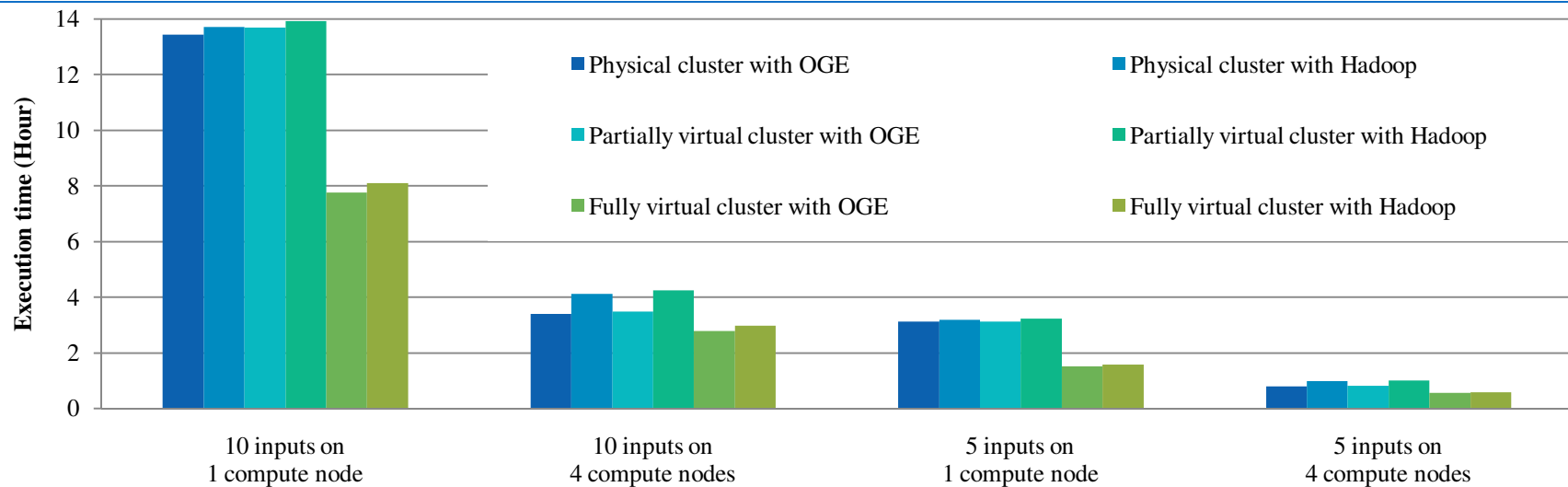


- Physical cluster
- **Partially virtual** cluster
  - On a physical cluster
  - Only **compute nodes** virtualized
- **Fully virtual** cluster
  - On Amazon EC2
  - All components virtualized
  - Setup using StarCluster





# Experiments Result



- Execution on the virtual compute cluster only brings very little overhead (around 1%)
- Good execution acceleration rates and resource balance
- The Hadoop workflow execution takes longer time than the Oracle Grid Engine workflow execution
  - Jobs in Hadoop workflow are wrapped by MapReduce sub-workflows
  - Efforts for HDFS and data locality is not utilized in Hadoop Workflow



# Thanks!

- **Papers for the Above Work**

- J. Wang, P. Korambath, I. Altintas. *A Physical and Virtual Compute Cluster Resource Load Balancing Approach to Data-Parallel Scientific Workflow Scheduling*. Accepted by IEEE 2011 Fifth International Workshop on Scientific Workflows (SWF 2011), at 2011 Congress on Services (Services 2011).
- J. Wang, D. Crawl, I. Altintas. *Kepler + Hadoop – A General Architecture Facilitating Data-Intensive Applications in Scientific Workflow Systems*. In Proc. of the 4th Workshop on Workflows in Support of Large-Scale Science (WORKS09) at SC2009.
- J. Wang, P. Korambath, S. Kim, S. Johnson, K. Jin, D. Crawl, I. Altintas, S. Smallen, B. Labate, K. N. Houk. *Theoretical Enzyme Design Using the Kepler Scientific Workflows on the Grid*. In Proc. of the 5th Workshop on Computational Chemistry and Its Applications (5th CCA) at ICCS 2010.

- **More Information:**

- Distributed Execution Interest Group of Kepler: <https://dev.kepler-project.org/developers/interest-groups/distributed>
- Contact: [jianwu@sdsc.edu](mailto:jianwu@sdsc.edu)

