Math 441, Introduction to Numerical Analysis Fall 2006

Homework 1

due Thursday, September 7

Analize the backward Euler method for the ODE

$$\frac{d}{dt}x = -a x , \quad x(0) = x_0 , \qquad (1)$$

with a > 0, following (if desired) the model of the analysis presented in class for the forward Euler method. The method emerges from the approximation

$$\frac{d}{dt}x(t_n) \approx \frac{x(t_n) - x(t_{n-1})}{t_n - t_{n-1}} = \frac{x(t_n) - x(t_{n-1})}{h} , \qquad (2)$$

with $h > 0, t_n = nh$, which gives rise to the difference equation

$$\frac{U_{n+1} - U_n}{h} = -aU_{n+1} . (3)$$

- 1. Solve the difference equation (3).
- 2. Is the method stable for all choice of h > 0?
- 3. Show that $U_n \to x(t_n)$, where $x(t) = x_0 e^{-at}$ is the exact solution of (1) (for notation refer also to the summary of Lecture 1, also available on line). What is the order of convergence of the backward Euler method.