



## Lots of Numbers

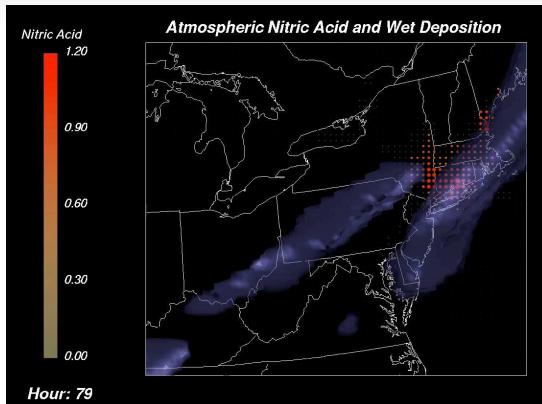
- Simulations
- Sensors
- Scanners
- Surveys
- Equations

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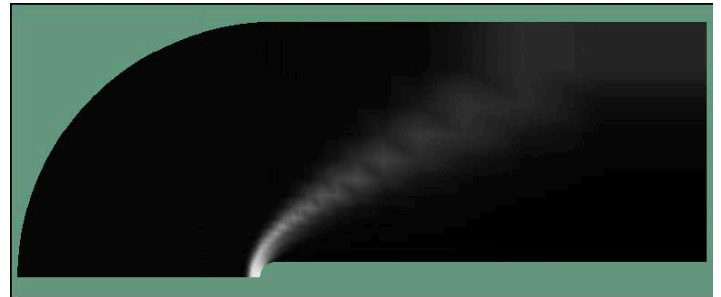
## Visualization Tasks

- See values
  - Extrema
  - Anomalies
  - Boundaries/Thresholds
  - Distribution/Structure
- See multiple variables
  - Relationships
- See flow/change
- Understand process

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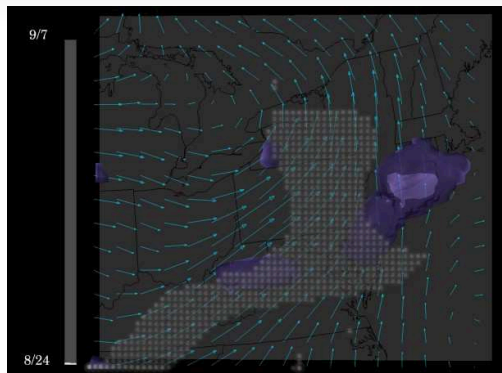
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## Visual Vocabulary

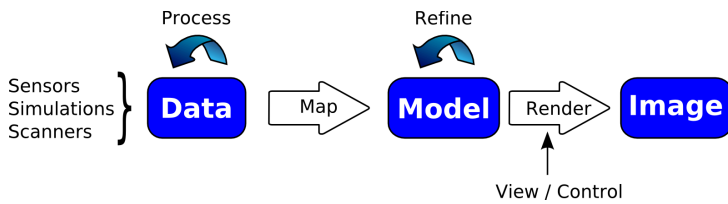
- Position
- Shape
- Color
- Density
- Glyphs
- Motion
- Interaction



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## The Visualization Process



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## Categories of Visualization

- Data Visualization
  - Spatial
  - 2D/volume
  - scalar/multivariable
- Information Visualization
  - Non-spatial
  - HD Data
  - Structures
- Program/Performance Visualization

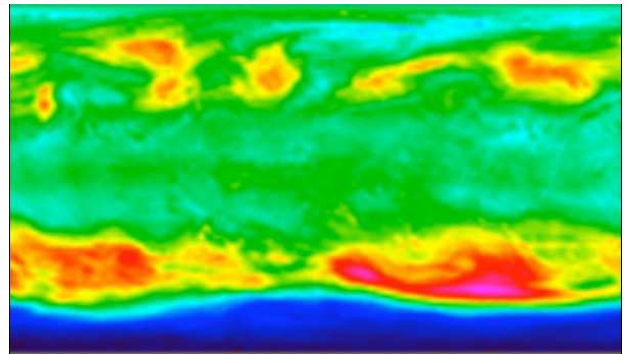
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## Application Areas

- Environmental modeling/monitoring
- Computational fluid dynamics
- Medical diagnosis
- Treatment planing
- Drug design
- Chemistry/Physics
- Public Health
- Sociology/Economics

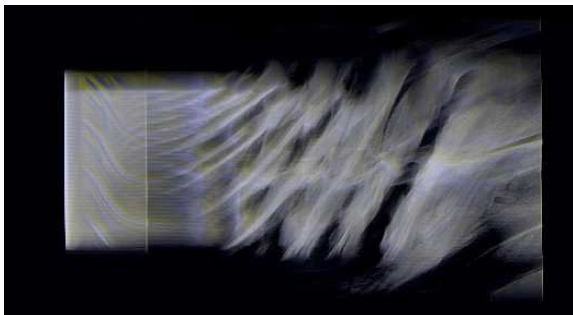
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## Environmental Modeling/Monitoring



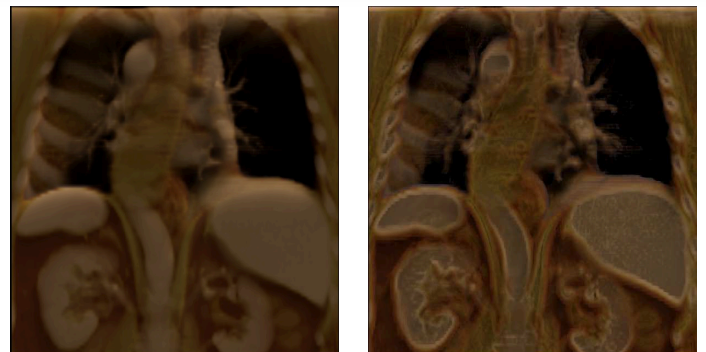
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## Computational Fluid Dynamics



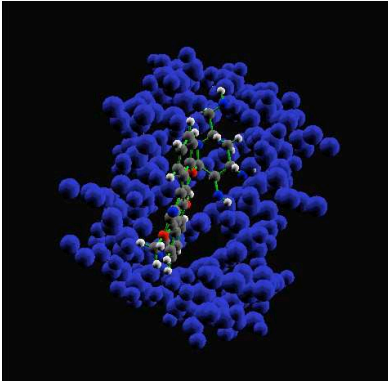
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## Medical Imaging



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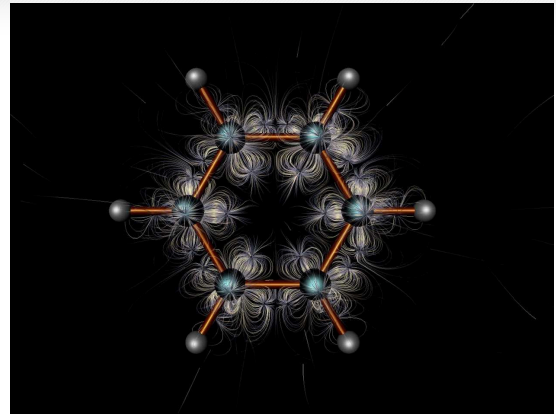
## Drug Design



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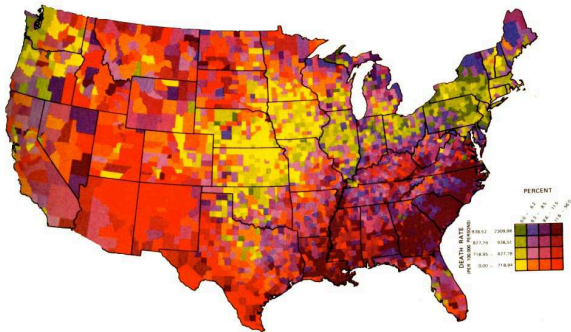
Zoeckler, Stalling, and Hege '95

## Chemistry



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## Public Health

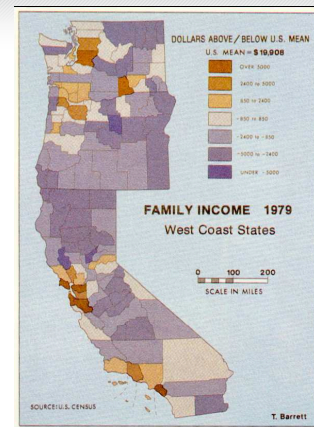


Tufte '93

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Olson '97

## Sociology/Economics



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## Case Study – Volumetric Data

- Grid structure common
  - Frequently differing resolutions by dimension
  - Sometimes curvilinear grids
  - Rarely scattered or irregularly structured data
- Sampled from function
  - Volume sampling
  - Partial volume effects
- Categorization an issue

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## Visualization of Volumes

- Surface rendering of significant threshold surfaces in the volume
  - Only threshold elements visible
- Direct volume rendering
  - Each element contributes to final image

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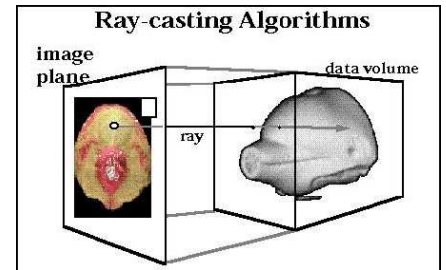
## Volume Ray Casting

- Mechanism
  - Apply enhancements independently at each sample
- Advantages
  - High quality illumination cues
  - Flexibility to arbitrarily combine enhancements
- Disadvantages
  - Computational load precludes interactive rates
  - Possibly little continuity of volume characteristics

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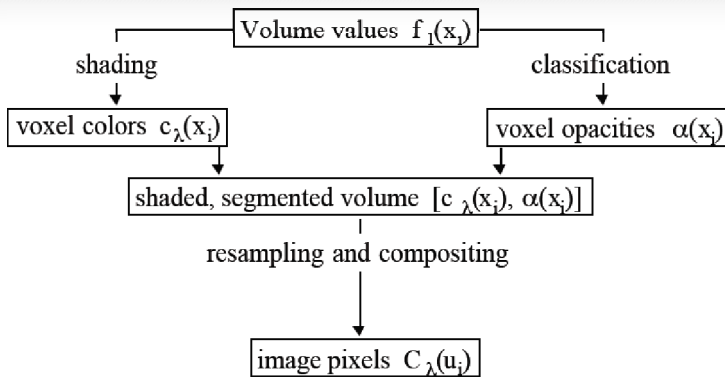
## Volume Ray Casting

- Kajiya, Von Herzen 1984
- Levoy 1988
- Drebin 1988



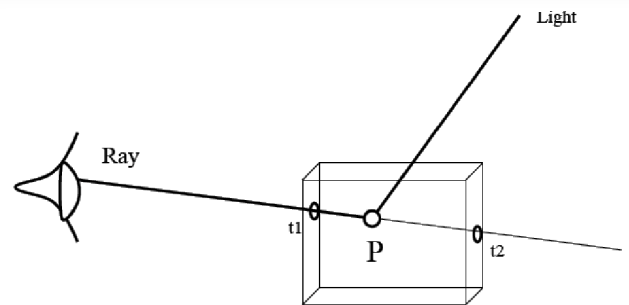
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## Raycast Volume Rendering Pipeline



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## General Concept



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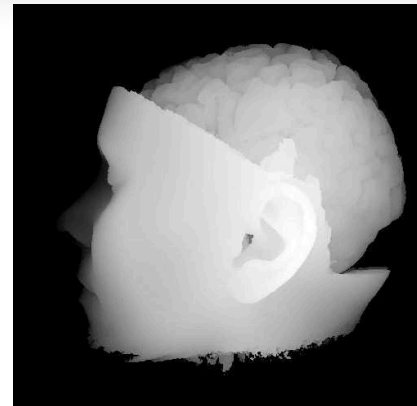
## Volume Ray Casting – Algorithm

```

for each pixel do
  Intersect ray with volume
  from t1 to t2 do
    step through each voxel
    calculate opacity and color of each voxel
    accumulate these
    
```

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## Example Depth Rendering



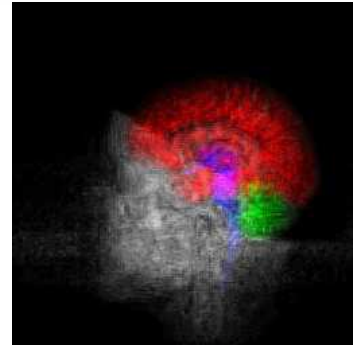
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## Classification, Coloring, Opacity

- Accomplished through use of look-up tables
  - Store texture values as look-up table indices
  - Allows some coloring of different data types
  - Can implement interactive transfer function variation in this manner

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## Segmented Colored Rendered



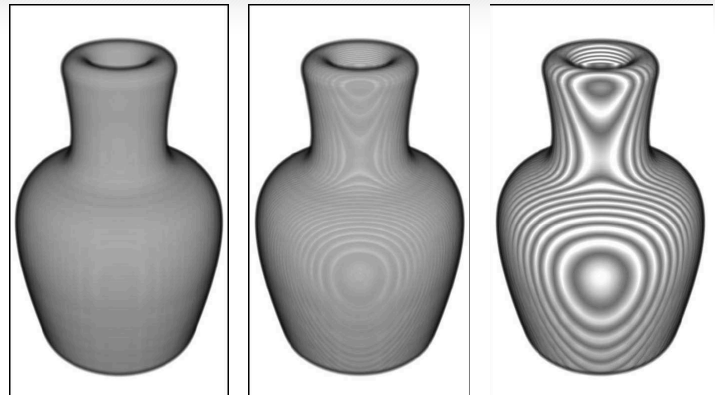
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## Issues: Sampling Along Ray

- How do we step through the voxels?
  - Use 3D digital difference analyzer
  - Resample at regularly spaced interval the voxel color and opacity
  - Adaptively resample the information based on frequencies in the data
- How frequently do we sample?

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## Various Sampling Rates



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## Issues: Accumulating Opacity

- How do we accumulate the opacity?
  - Kajiya's atmospheric attenuation
  - Levoy: modify opacity by gradient, de-emphasize tissue interiors
  - Linearly

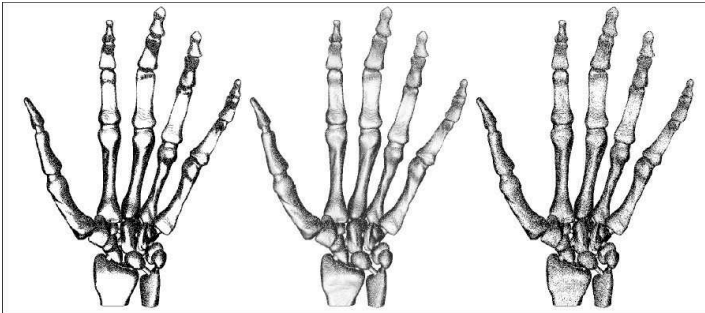
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## NPR Volumetric Rendering - Stippling

- Approach
  - Generate point primitives based on volume distribution
  - Enhance based on gradient, orientation, etc
  - Supplement with curve strokes
  - Accelerate with fragment program
- Results
  - Interactive rates for modest volumes on PC

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## Stippled Volume Rendering



Lu et al., TVCG 2003

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## Common Issues for All Types of Visualization Techniques

- Accuracy of Results
- Accurate Sampling
- Rendering
- Shading and Illumination
- Perception of Information
- User Interaction

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## Sampling and Visualization

- Sampling Performed Multiple Times
  - Data acquisition
  - Segmentation/data pre-processing
  - Surface generation
  - Visualization/rendering
- This information is vital to generating accurate images

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## Shading and Illumination

- Shading: determining the color of each pixel
  - Includes: pseudo-coloring, illumination, transparency, texturing and shadowing
- Illumination: simulating light reflectance, absorption and transmission

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## Perception's Role in Visualization

- Generating Images for Humans to View
- Visual cues can increase effectiveness
- Correct use of:
  - Color
  - Lighting/Shading
  - Shape/Texture
  - Motion

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## Interactive vs. Non-Interactive

- Interactive vs. image quality
- Interactions vs. information quantity
- Best Choice:
  - Systems that allows interactive preview and exportation combined with non-interactive realistic rendering

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## More Data Visualization

- CMSC 635: Advanced Computer Graphics
  - Covers volume rendering in more detail
- CMSC 636: Data Visualization
  - Geo-spatial Visualization
  - Volume Visualization
  - Vector Visualization
  - Visualization of High-dimensional Data
  - Tree and Graph Visualization
  - Visualization Design
  - Evaluation of Visualization